Designing Restorative Responses

One Size Does Not Fit All

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Two Canadian Success Stories

- RestART a restorative response to the problem of graffiti in Vancouver
- North Vancouver Restorative Justice Society
 - Restorative response program for youth and adults

Made in Canada

Two Approaches

- Model Driven
 - -Use of one model
 - Volunteers trained in one model
 - Preparation with participants includes
 - Suitability screening
 - Explanation of model
 - •Preparation for participation in the model of choice

- Values based
 - –A variety of approaches available
 - -Volunteers provided training where they are experiencing RJ and spend time exploring values, self-awareness, and a variety of tools
 - -Initial meetings with participants are exploratory in nature

Volunteer Training

- Values & Philosophy of Restorative Justice
- Facilitation Skills, Case Development, and Process Design
- Empathic response and active listening
- Case preparation
- Victim-Offender Mediation, Conferencing, Conciliation
- Stress management, self-awareness
- The contemporary criminal justice system
- Multicultural issues
- Victimization and Trauma
- Spirituality
- Suicide Awareness
- Mental Health



Exploratory Meetings

- What happened?
- How were you and those you care about impacted (physically, emotionally, spiritually, financially, mentally)?
- How do you feel about what happened?
- What has happened since?
- What do you need to be able to start to heal from this?

North Vancouver Restorative Justice Society

Our belief statement....

• Restorative justice responses involve an individualized approach to crime and conflict which is based on a set of values and principles that seek to include victims, offenders, and communities of care.

Restorative Justice Practices





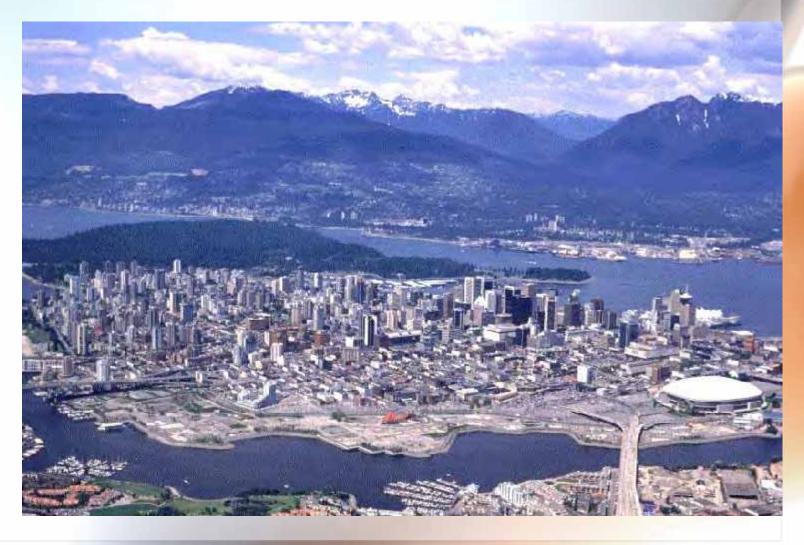




Vancouver, British Columbia Canada







Graffiti in Vancouv















Objectives:

- To utilize processes based on the values and principles of restorative justice to...
 - bring together varying perspectives in dialogue
 - raise awareness about the impacts of graffiti
 - facilitate reintegration, acceptance and connection for youth
 - encourage collective responsibility in finding solutions to illegal graffiti in Vancouver

Stakeholders

- Illegal graffiti writers (youth & adults)
- Art community
- Victims (business, local transit authorities)
- Police Antigraffiti Unit
- Local business representatives
- Community and social service resources
- Legal graffiti-style artist mentors
- Restorative justice advocates
- Academics
- Volunteers who care about youth and community





Objectives:

- To increase youths' skills and channel these abilities and talents towards legal opportunities.
- To utilize a creative, interactive, experiential approach to learning and community building.

How does it work?

- Interviews and commitment secured with youth and stakeholders
- · Other referrals made, if necessary
- Other tasks related to their offense completed (apology letters, graffiti clean-up, victim reconciliation)
- Four-day RestART workshop, which includes the production of a mural on a public wall commissioned by the city.

Workshop Topics

Defining and conceptualizing graffiti

 Victimization – the impacts of graffiti on the writer, property and business owners, and the community

- Addiction
- Empathy
- Self-esteem building
- Communication
- Cooperation
- Community-building
- Mural planning
- Legal graffiti opportunities
- Mural production, budgeting, and talent development

Giving Back to the Community



Restart Successes







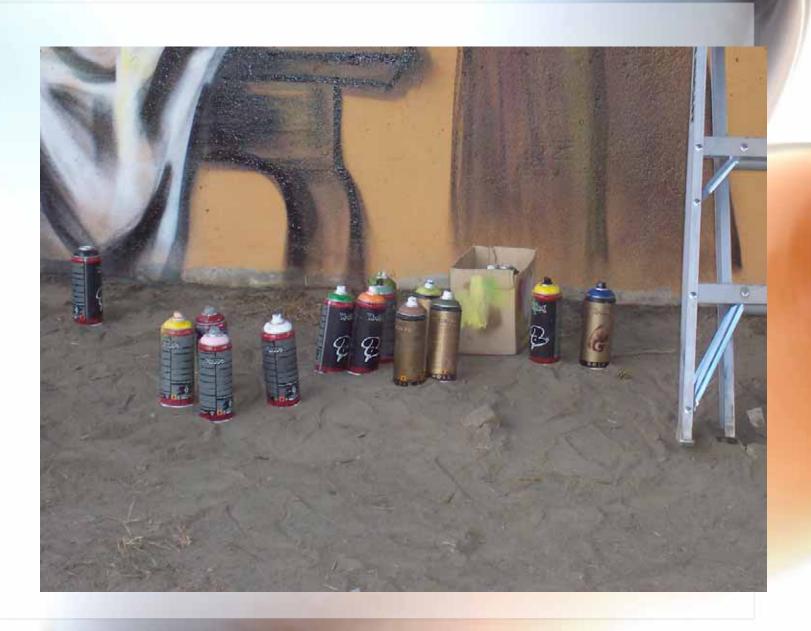




Additional Outcomes

- Low recidivism
- Self referrals and subsequent participation in Restart by past participants
- Word of mouth
- New and improved relationships between all stakeholders
- Employment opportunities
- Facilitation training
- Advisory board opportunities
- Feature in Wall-to-Wall: A Tour of Mural Art in Vancouver, a book that was published by the City of Vancouver

Thank you and questions...



Resources - on graffiti

- Cooper, Martha and Harry Chalfant. Subwa Art. London: Thames & Hudson, 1984.
- City Space. Produced and directed by Craig Noble. Pixel One Productions, 2004.
- Style Wars. Produced by Tony Silver and Harry Chalfant. Directed by Tony Silver. Public Art Films, 1983 (re-released 2005).
- Wild Style. Produced and directed by Charlie Ahearn. Pow Wow Productions, 1982.
- Bombing Science, www.bombingscience.com
- Pure Graffiti, www.puregraffiti.com
- Visual Orgasm, www.visualorgasm.com

Resources - on restorative

justice

- Sharpe, Susan. Restorative Justice: A Vision for Healing and Change. Edmonton Victim Offender Mediation Society, 1998.
- Stuart, Barry. Building Community Justice Partnerships: Community Justice Peacemaking Circles. Communications and Executive Branch, Minister of Justice and the Solicitor General of Canada, 1997.
- Zehr, Howard. The Little Book of Restorative Justice. Intercourse, PA: Good Books, 2002.
- A Healing River: An Invitation to Explore Restorative Justice Values and Principles. Produced and Directed by Cathie Douglas and Larry Moore. Heartspeak Productions, 2004.
- Canadian Resource Centre for Victims of Crime: www.crcvc.can
- Centre for Restorative Justice, Simon Fraser University: www.sfu.ca/crj.
- Real Justice Conferencing in Criminal Justice: www.realjustice.org.
- Restorative Justice Online: www.restorativejustice.org.
- St. Leonard's Society of Canada (over 60 restorative justice web sites listed): www.stleonards.ca/biblio/bilbio.htm.
- Victim Offender Mediation Association: www.voma.org.